

RAINBOW NOTES:

I. Struggle for Women's Rights

A. Reasons that women sought equal rights to men in the mid-1800's included:

1. Women could not _____ or hold _____.
2. When a woman married, all of her _____ became her _____ property.
3. A working woman's _____ belonged to her _____.
4. A husband had the right to _____ his wife.
5. The abolitionist movement made people aware that women, too, lacked full _____ and _____ rights.

II. Leaders of the Women's Rights Movement

1. _____: this former slave was a spellbinding speaker. She spoke against _____ and also for women's _____.
2. _____: this Quaker woman used her organizing skills to set up _____ drives across the _____.
3. _____: Stanton joined Mott and other Americans at the _____ in _____. Back at home in the United States, she and Mott organized a convention to draw attention to _____ problems.
4. _____: traveled across the country, speaking tirelessly for women's rights.

Name: _____

Period: _____

"WHOLE-BRAIN" CONNECTORS:

Using the proper format, create **ONE** "Whole-Brain" Connector for each Roman Numeral section of the notes. No words or numbers may be used as connectors, images only.

III. The Seneca Falls Convention

- A. _____—
meeting held in 1848 at Seneca Falls, New
York, to discuss the problems that women
faced. It was the start of the _____
_____, an
organization campaign for equal rights.

Goals:

1. The convention issued a _____ of
_____, which proclaimed, "We hold
these truths to be self-evident: that all _____
and _____ are created equal."
2. Resolutions demanded equality at _____,
at _____, and at _____.
3. A resolution demanding women's right to
_____ passed narrowly.

IV. New Opportunities for Women

- A. Reformers believed that _____
was a key to women's equality.

Reformers opened new schools for women.

1. _____ opened a high
school for girls in Troy, New York.
2. _____ opened Mount
Holyoke Female Seminary in Massachusetts, the
first women's _____ in the United
States.

- B. Women began to find new career
opportunities as their education improved.

Examples:

1. _____: became the first woman in the United States to practice medicine.
2. _____: became a noted astronomer.
3. _____: became the first female ordained minister in the United States.